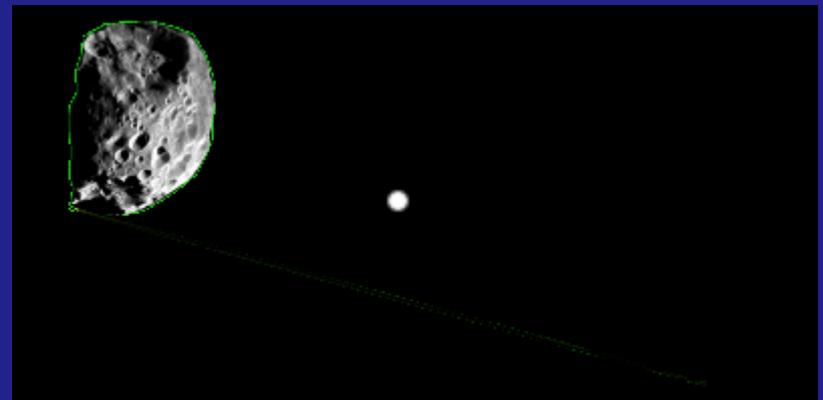
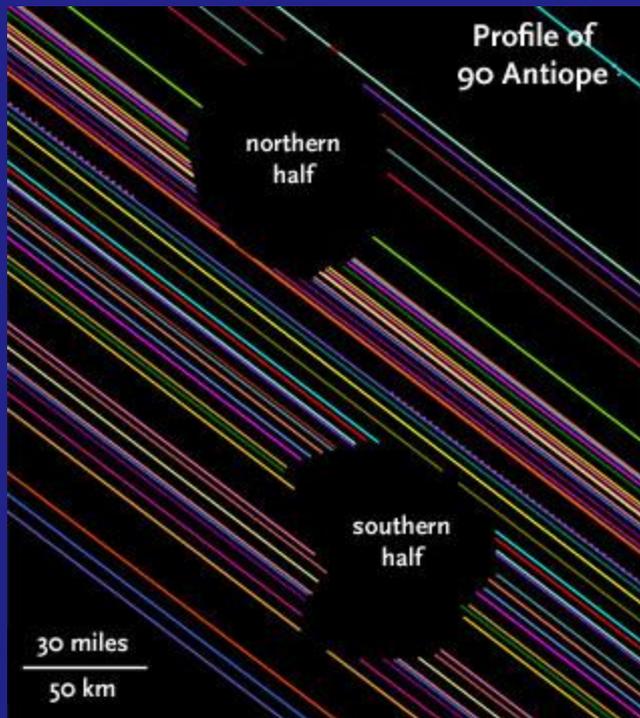
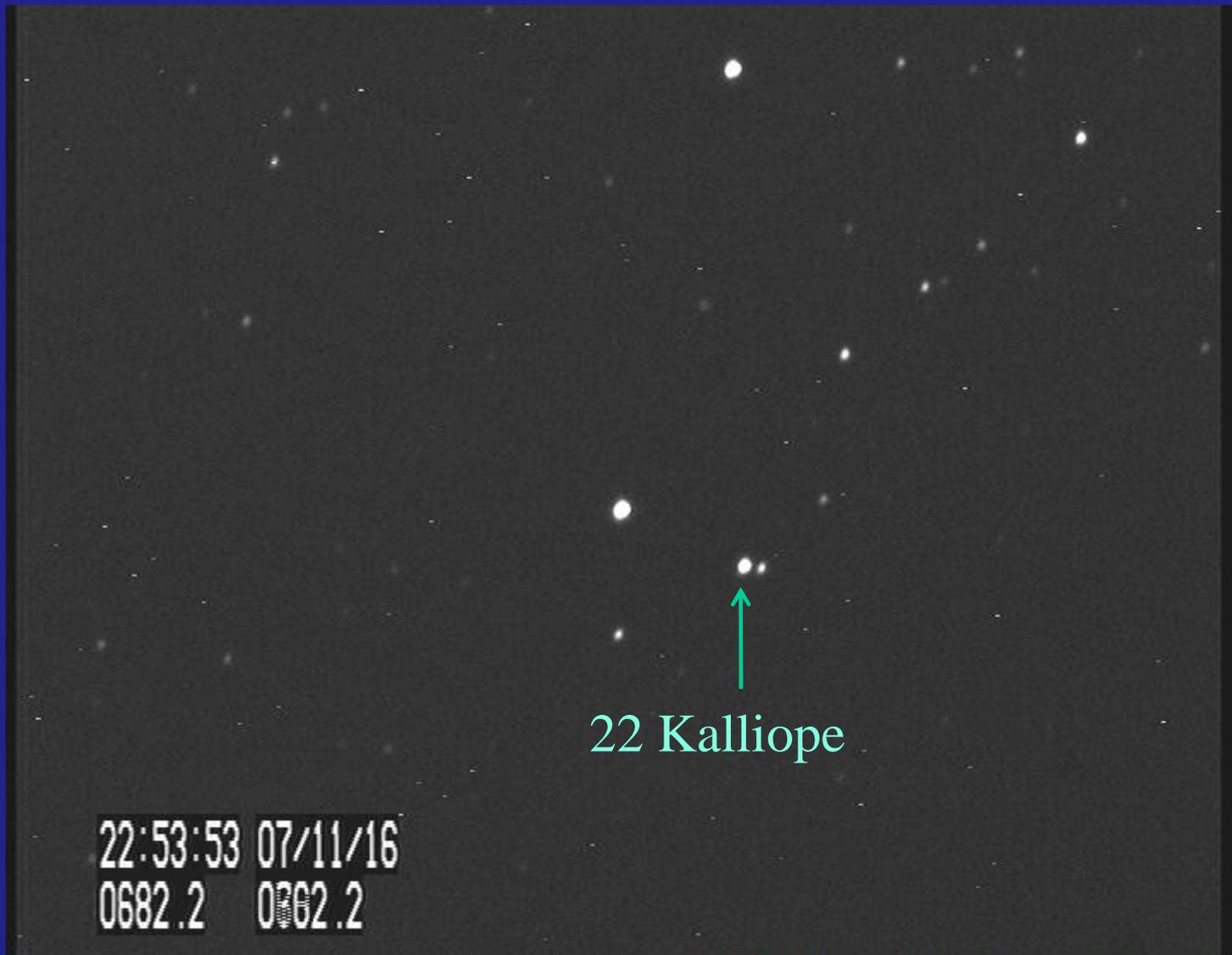


Le occultazioni asteroidali. Un campo di ricerca per gli astrofili



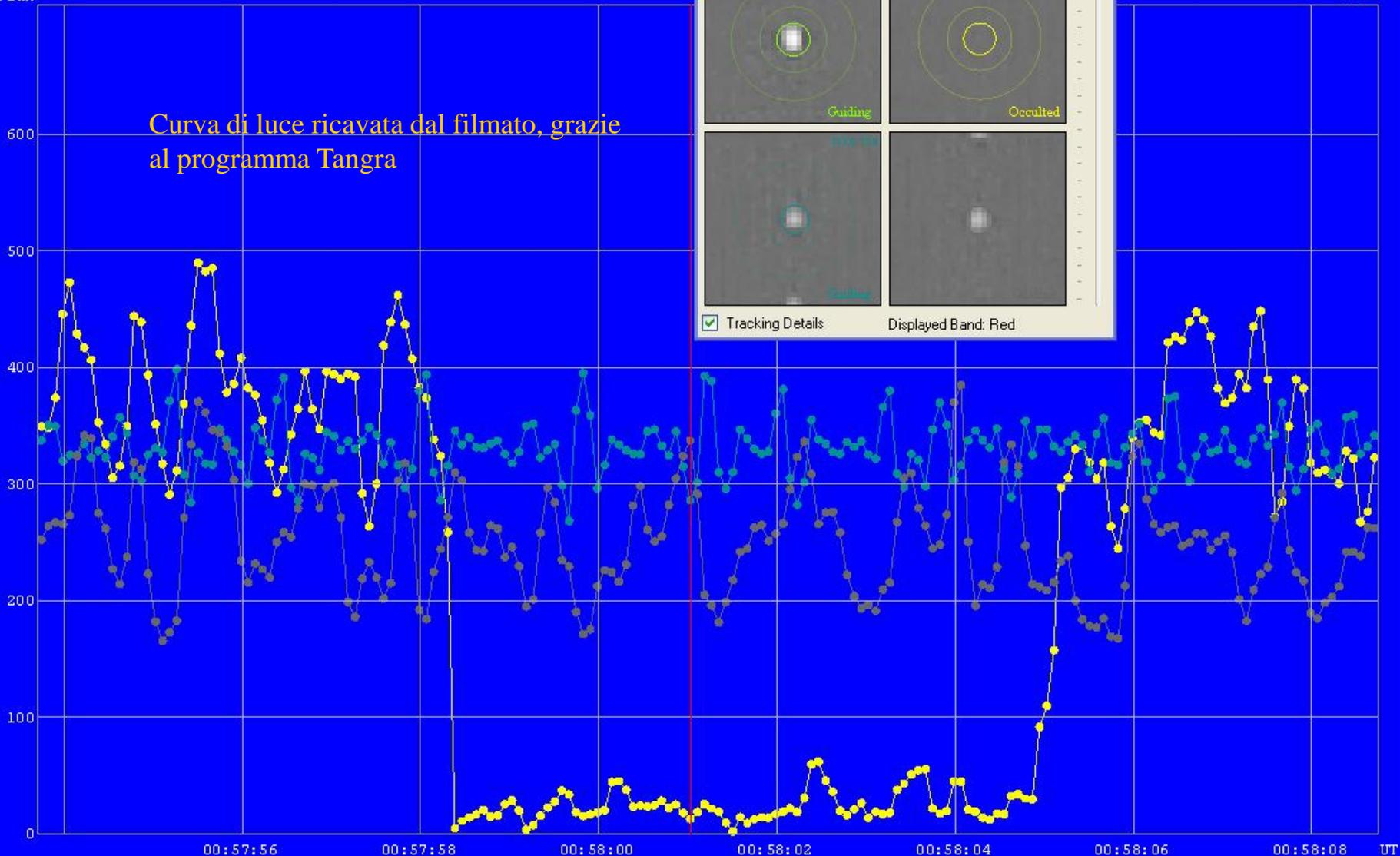
Gruppo Astrofili Massesi

Incontro CAAT Montelupo F.no – 11 dic 2016



Un frame da una registrazione video di occultazione – a Montelupo fu presentato un filmato che non può essere inserito nella versione .pdf

Flux



Curva di luce ricavata dal filmato, grazie al programma Tangra

Measured Pixel Areas

887,177,3

Guiding

1850,91,0

Occulted

1850,91,0

Guiding

1850,91,0

Occulted

Tracking Details Displayed Band: Red

Frame No: 3044 Bin No: 1522 (3044 - 3045)
 * Time: 00:58:01.044

19

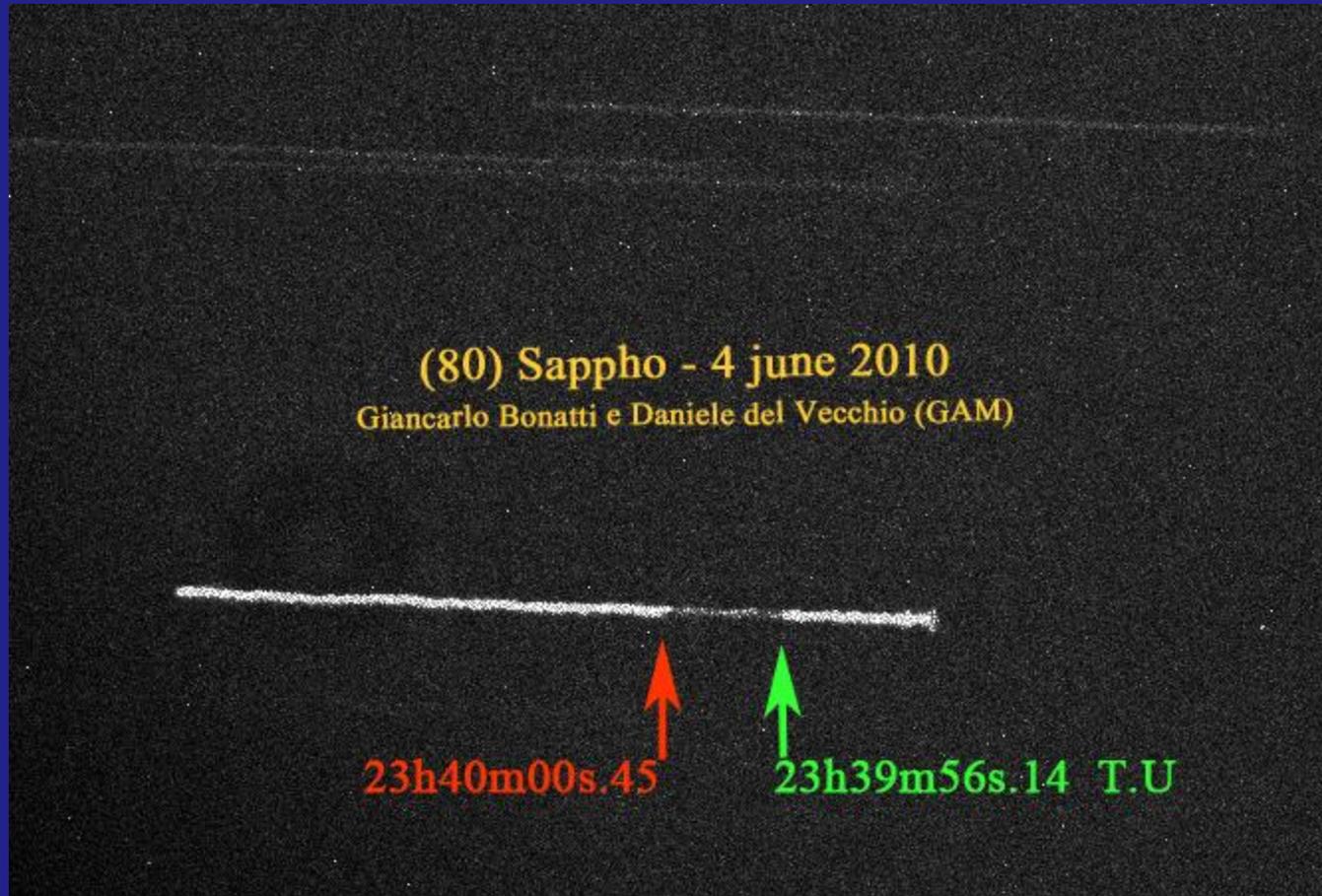
S/N = 2,26

312

S/N = 7,54

369

S/N = 6,85



Una osservazione mediante strisciata in CCD. Le occultazioni possono essere seguite anche in visuale

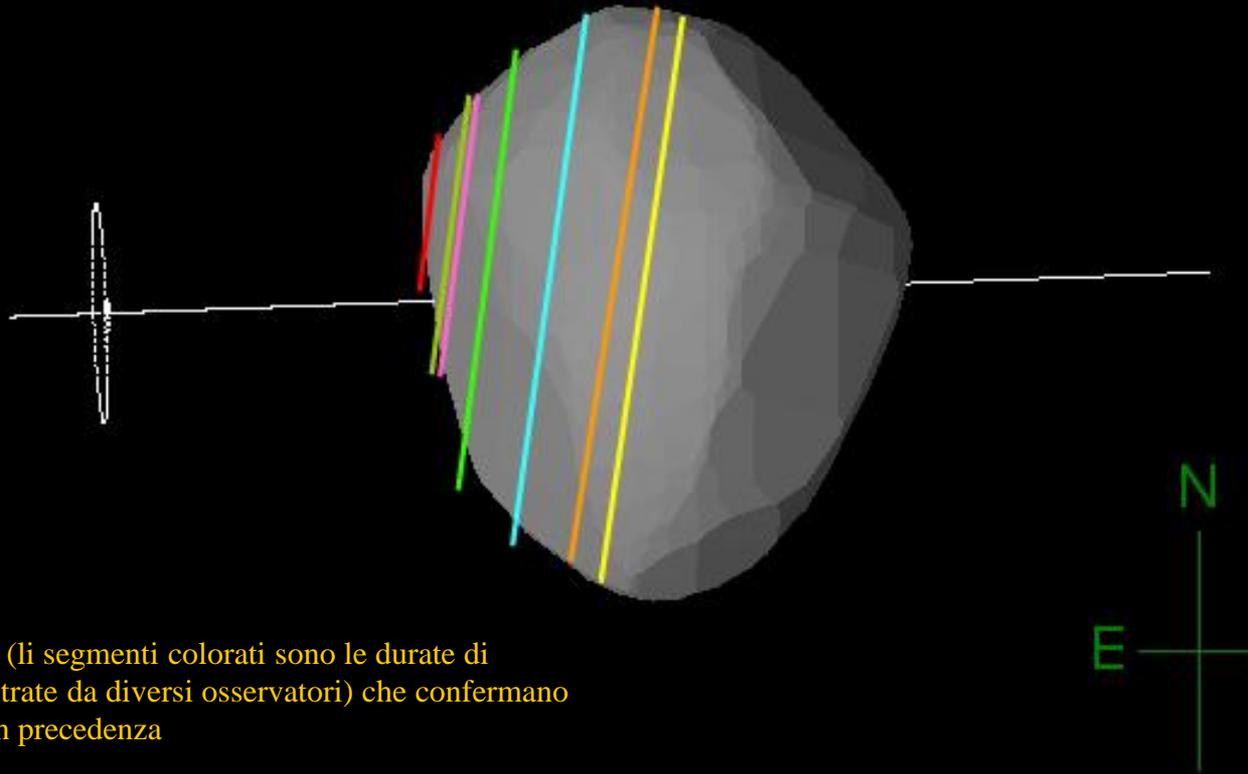
22 Kalliope

LT corr.

JD=2457700.6525

$\lambda = 196^\circ$

$\beta = 3^\circ$



Due osservazioni (i segmenti colorati sono le durate di occultazione registrate da diversi osservatori) che confermano sagome ricavate in precedenza

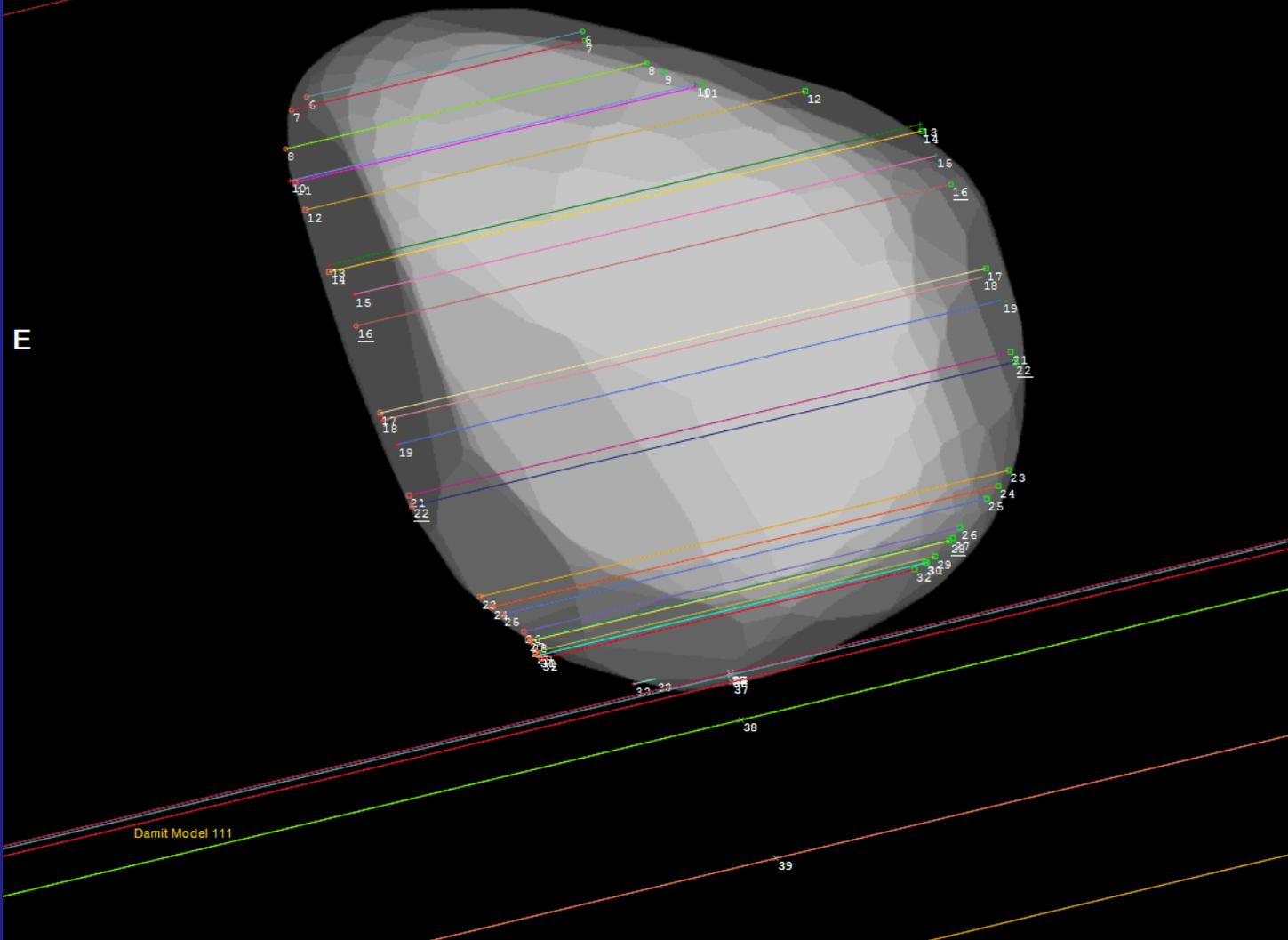
Aspect = 86°

P = 4.148200 h

(9) Metis 2014 Mar 7 185.3 ± 1.7 x 151.5 ± 1.7 km, PA 56.4° ± 3.1°
 Geocentric X -1008.5 ± 0.8 Y 5584.5 ± 0.8 km

N

E



Find best fit

Center X: -24.9
 Center Y: 148.1

Major axis (km): 185.3
 Minor axis (km): 151.5
 Orientation: 56.4

a/b=1.22
 dM=-0.22
 Motion: 7.65km/s. X

Double star or double asteroid
 Sepn (masec): 0.0
 PA of 2nd: 0.0

Show: Both Primary Secondary
 A= 10.0 B= 10.0 PA= 0.0

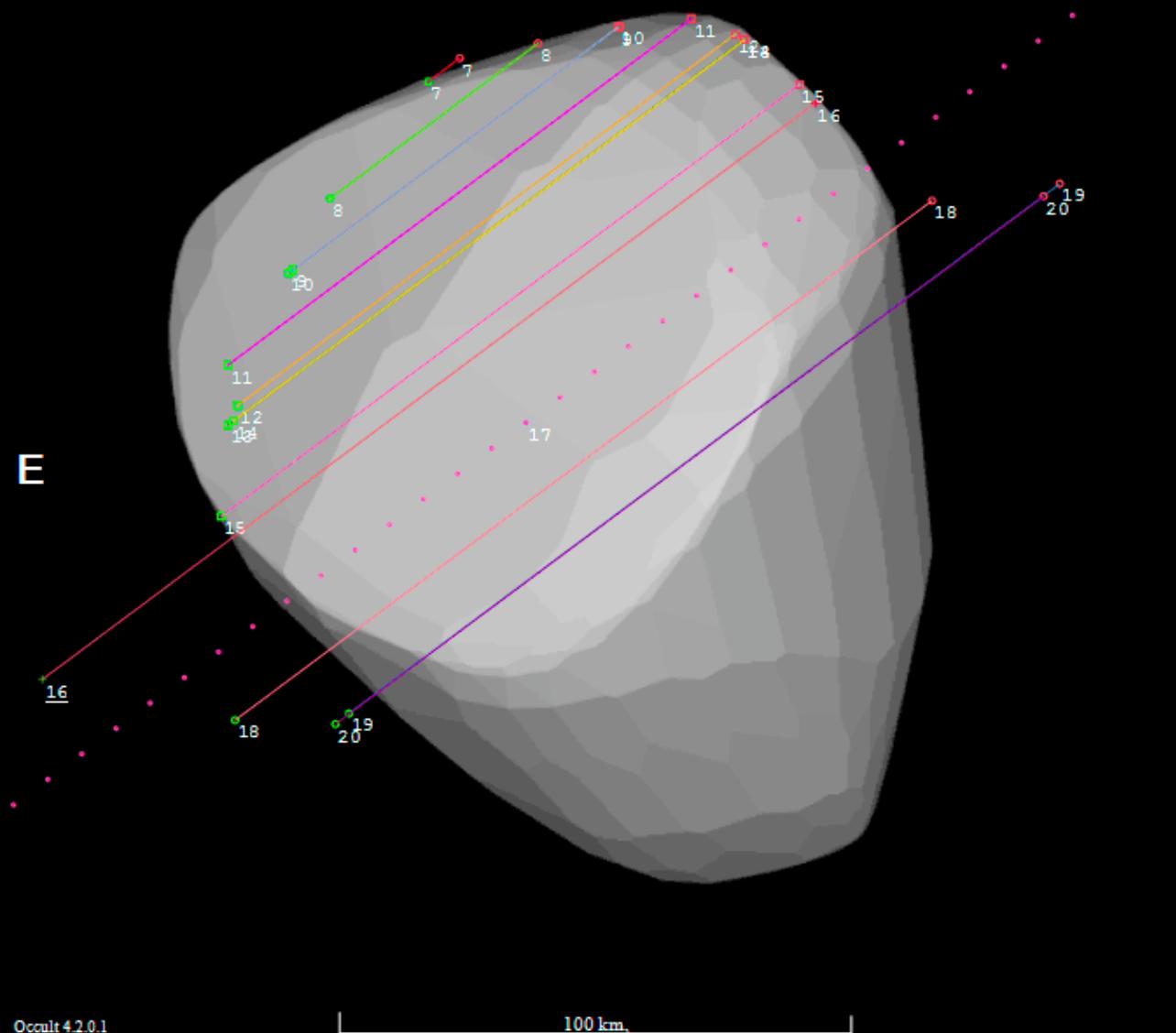
Circular Include Miss events

Plot scale: Quality: Excellent

RMS fit: -0.4 ± 7.2 km

1 (M)	Tomas Janik, CZ
2 (M)	Henk Bulder, NL
3 (M)	Lex Blommers, NL
4 (M)	Oliver Kloes, DE
5 (M)	A Gabel/J Ohiert/G Piehler
6	Gregor Krannich, DE
7	O. Farago/A. Eberle, DE
8	T Pauwels/P Vingerhoets, E
9	Bernd Gahrken, DE
10	Rene Bourtembourg, BE
11	Rolf Apitzsch, DE
12	F. Van Den Abbeel, BE
13	Roland Boninsegna, BE
14	Jean Vilar, FR
15	Stephane Razemon, FR
16	Wim Nobel, FR
17	Eberhard Bredner, FR
18	Stefan Meister, CH
19	Mike Kohl, CH
20 (P)	Preston prediction
21	Jonas Schenker, CH
22	Jose De Queiroz, CH
23	F Vachier/G Sautot/E Vautt
24	S Sposetti/B Bernardi, CH
25	S Sposetti/B Bernardi, CH
26	Stefano Sposetti, CH
27	Stefano Sposetti, CH
28	Eric Frappa, FR
29	Andrea Manna, CH
30	Eric Frappa, FR
31	Marco Iten, CH
32	Arnaud Leroy, FR
33	Fausto Delucchi, CH
34 (M)	Stefano Basso, IT
35 (M)	Carlo Gualdoni, IT
36 (M)	Christian Gros, FR
37 (M)	Jean Lecacheux, FR
38 (M)	Alain Figer, FR
39 (M)	Simone Bolzoni, IT
42 (M)	Pietro Baruffetti, IT
43 (M)	Claudio Costa, IT
44 (M)	E. Frappa/A. Klotz, FR
45 (M)	Hilari Pallares, ES

(41) Daphne 2016 Jan 17 $191.0 \pm 34.5 \times 173.8 \pm 7.8$ km, PA $37.7^\circ \pm 18.1^\circ$
 Geocentric X 2670.4 ± 9.8 Y 4273.9 ± 12.7 km **N**



Find best fit

Center X: 35.3 0.0
 Center Y: -80.4 0.0

Major axis (km): 191.0 0.0
 Minor axis (km): 173.8 0.0
 Orientation: 37.7 0.0

a/b=1.10
 dM=-0.10
 Motion 6.66km/s, X

Double star or double asteroid

Seprn (masec): 0.0 0.0
 PA of 2nd: 0.0 0.0

Show: Both Primary Secondary

A= 10.0 B= 10.0 PA= 0.0

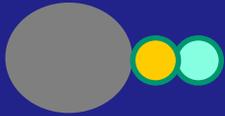
Circular Include Miss events

Plot scale Quality Not fitted

RMS fit -0.2 ± 5.0 km

1 (M)	Stefano Sposetti, CH
2 (M)	Pietro Baruffetti, IT
3 (M)	Benoit Goffin, BE
4 (M)	Guy Huys, BE
5 (M)	Roland Decellier, BE
6 (M)	Steve Hubbard, UK
7	Matthieu Conjat, FR
8	Jean-Louis Penninckx, FR
9	F Signoret/JB Pioppa, FR
10	G Aufranc/J Camponovo/V Ho
11	Jean Lecacheux, FR
12	Daniel Verilhac, FR
13	Olivier Dechambre, FR
14	Guy Brabant, FR
15	Eberhard Bredner, FR
16	Michel Deconinck, FR
17 (P)	Prediction
18	Patrice Le Guen, FR
19	Lionel Ruiz, FR
20	Luc Maurin, FR

Esempio di osservazione che smentisce la sagoma ricavata in precedenza



$$M_V 7+5+6 = 4,52$$

$$m_1 - m_2 = -2,5 \log_{10} \left(\frac{I_1}{I_2} \right)$$



$$M_V 7 + 6 = 5,64$$



$$M_V 7 = 7,00$$

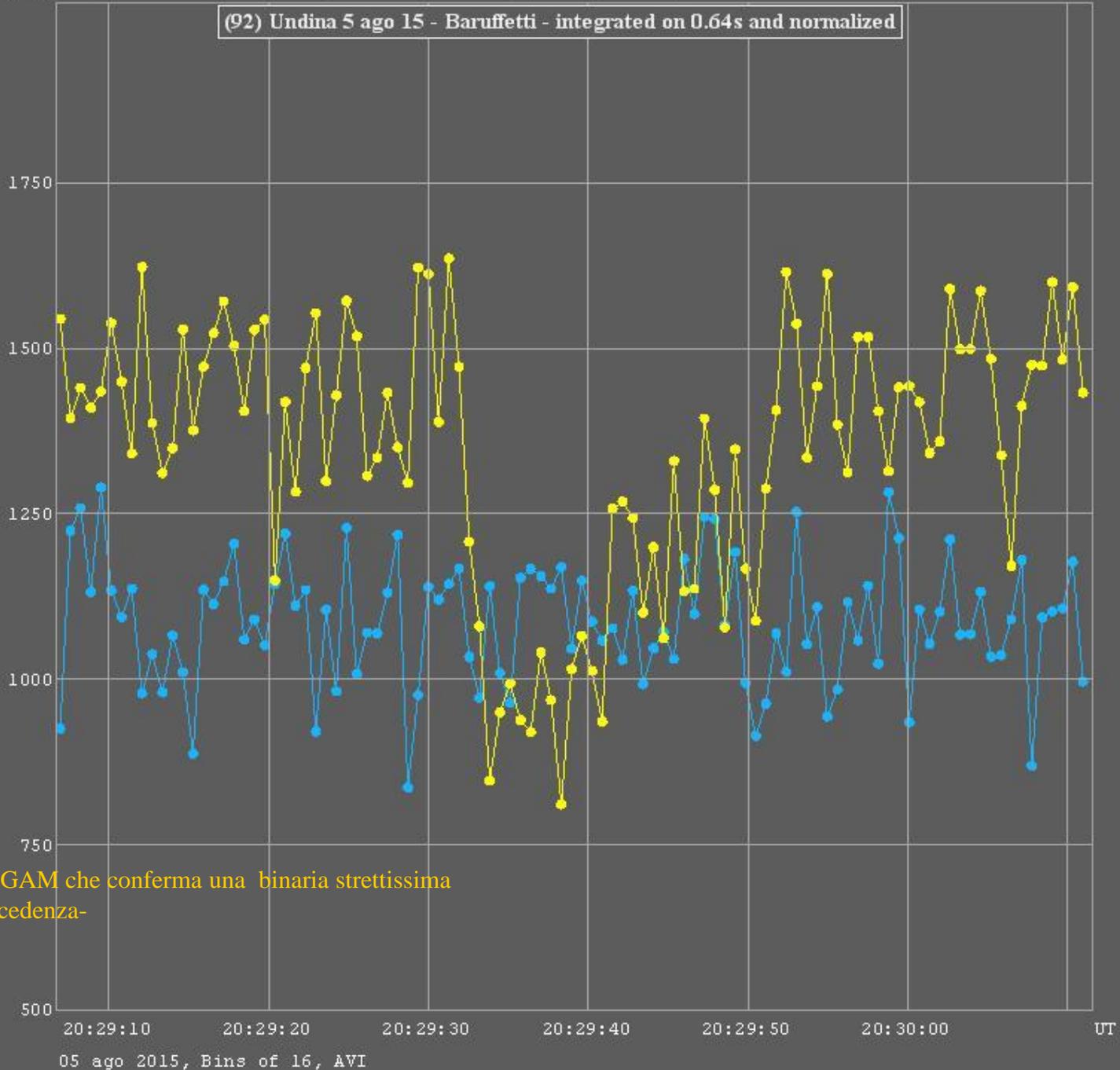


$$M_V 5+7 = 4,85$$



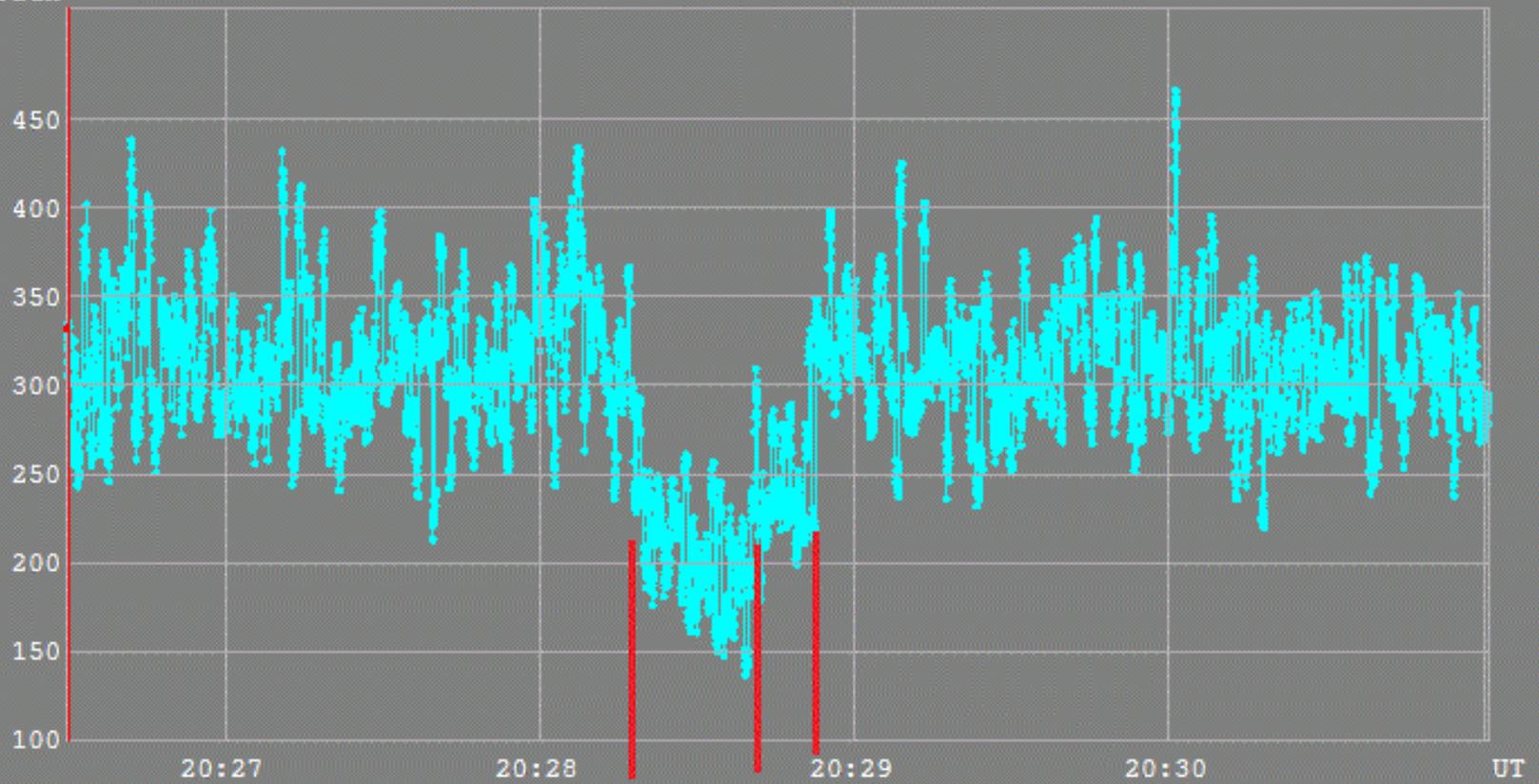
$$M_V 5+6+7 = 4,52$$

La combinazione delle magnitudini nel caso l'asteroide occulti una stella binaria strettissima-



Una osservazione GAM che conferma una binaria strettissima sconosciuta in precedenza-

Flux  20150805_Undina_02.1c - Aperture Photometry, Background Median



05 Aug 2015, AVI

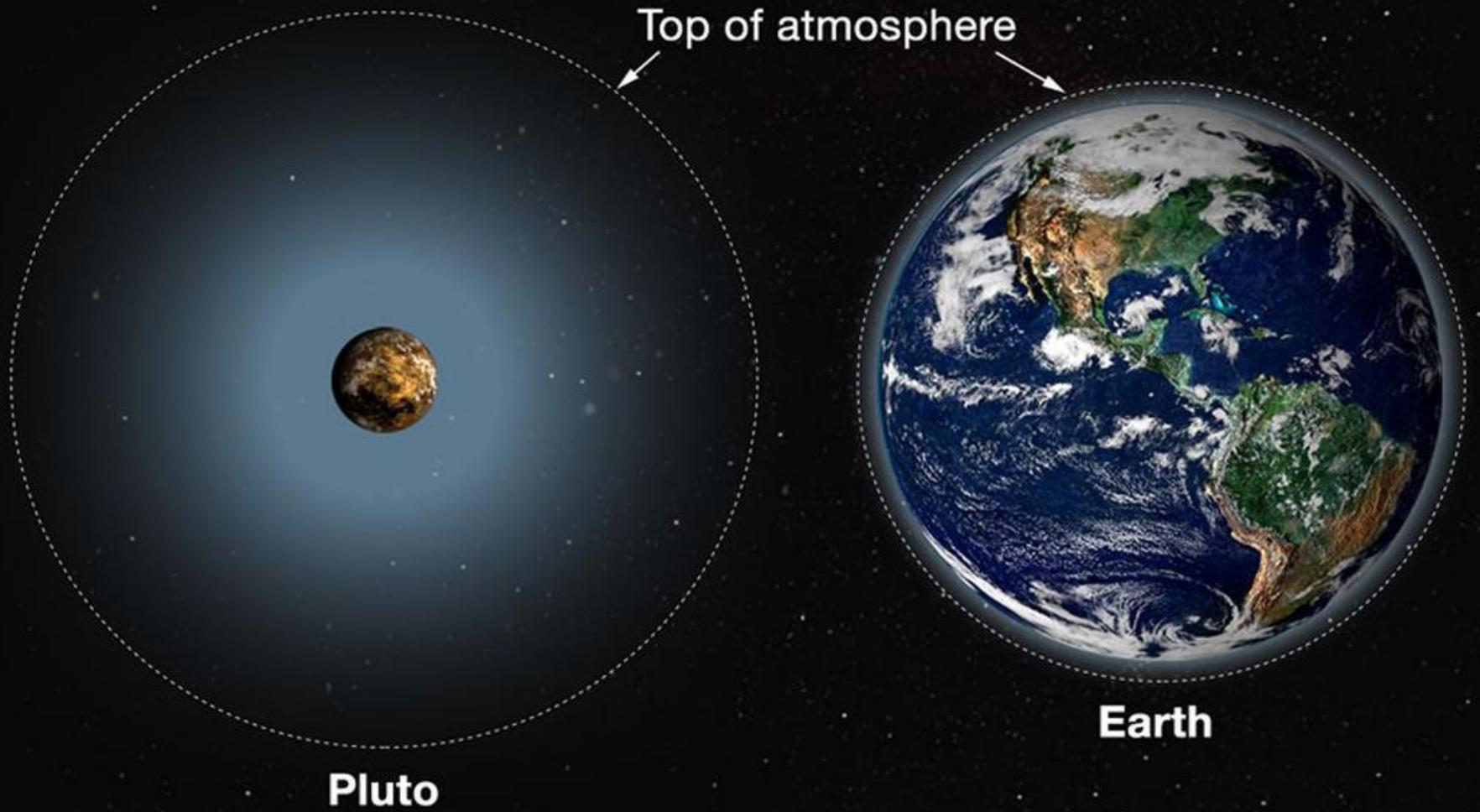
7444-01434-1	31.2	-67.6	2013 Aug 15	481 Emta
2U30429828	380.0	240.0	2013 Aug 15	611 Valeria
4UC602-035724	23.0	-103.0	2013 Oct 5	120 Lachesis
0646-00730-1	247.0	265.7	2013 Oct 21	617 Patroclus
1950-02320-1	152.9 ± 0.8	105.8 ± 0.7	2013 Dec 28	141 Lumen
0801-01593-1	1.2	-67.7	2014 Jan 18	664 Judith
5227-00026-1	3.0	2.0	2014 Dec 9	3950 Yoshida
2U27496405	10.0 ± 0.5	225.8 ± 2.5	2015 Feb 12	107 Camilla
0283-00694-1	42.1 ± 0.7	127.9 ± 1.4	2015 Apr 2	90 Antiope
0283-00694-1	89.3	-27.3	2015 Apr 2	90 Antiope
0283-00694-1	46.4 ± 1.8	145.1 ± 2.6	2015 Apr 2	90 Antiope
4UC344-090563	41.0	-113.0	2015 Aug 5	92 Undina
1981-01493-1	211.0	-50.7	2016 Mar 17	412 Elisabetha
2U31329020	10.0	57.0	2016 Mar 19	695 Bella

(92) Undina

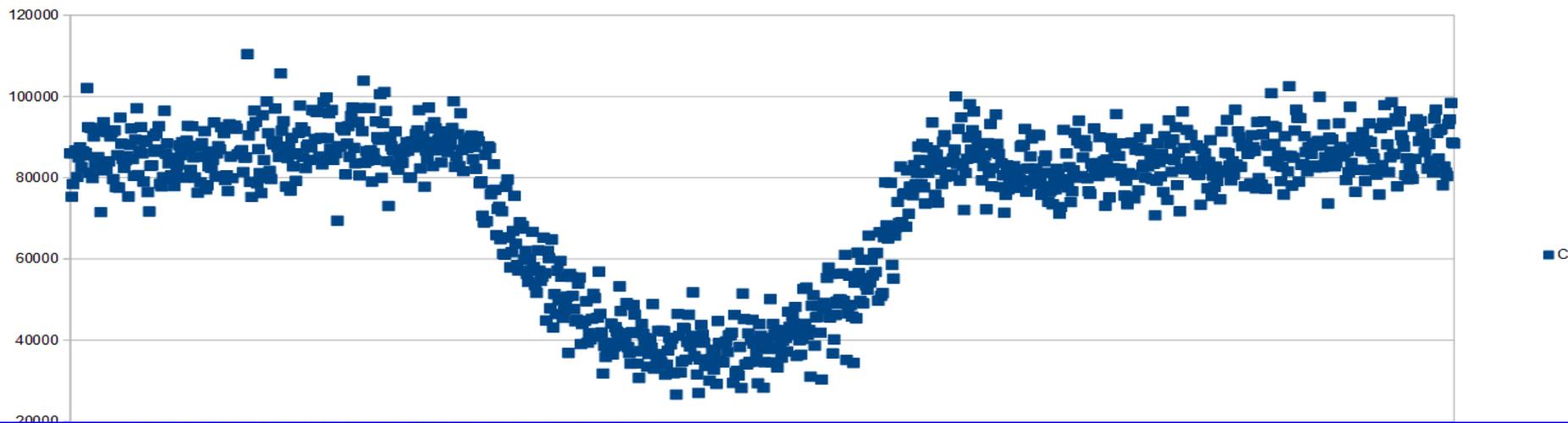


2UCAC 23410956

19:46:12 05/08/15
0326.1 0306.1



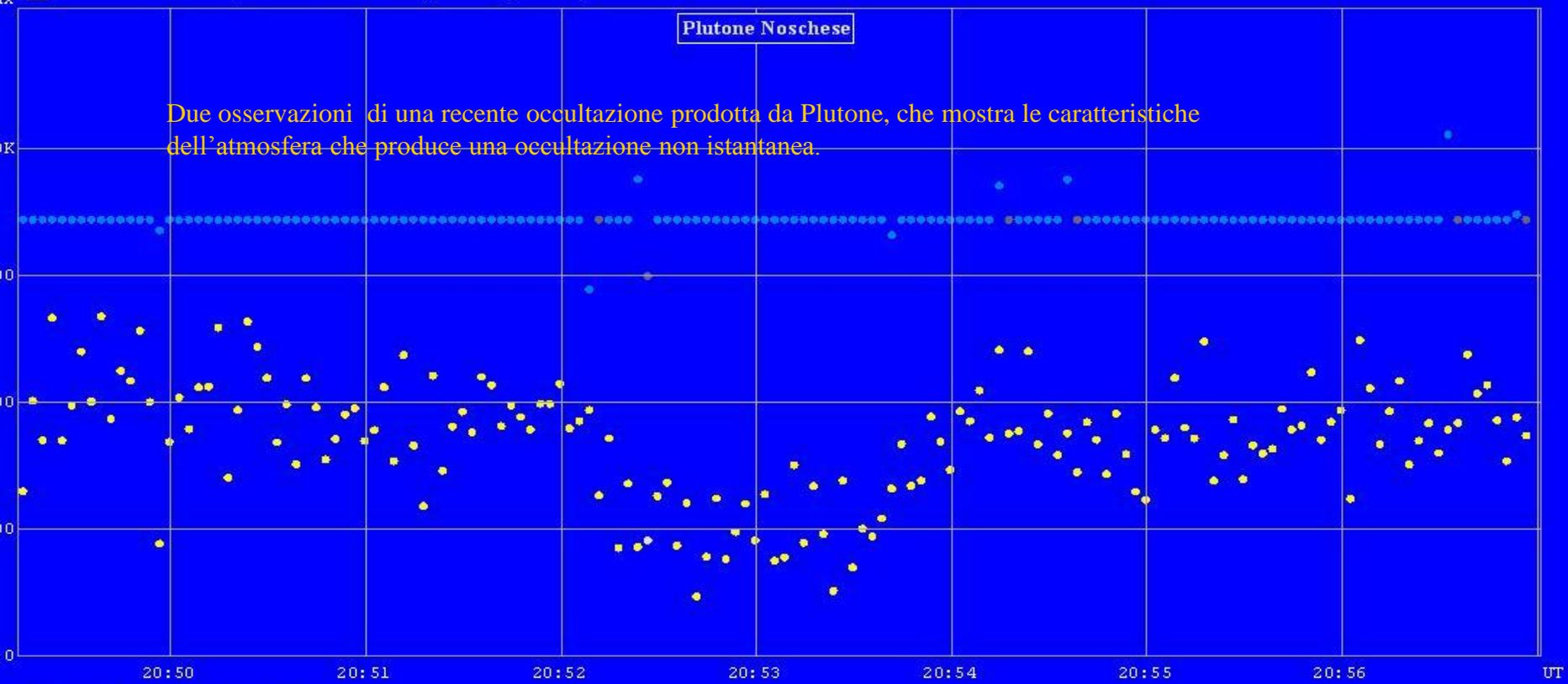
Schema in scala delle atmosfere di Terra e Plutone

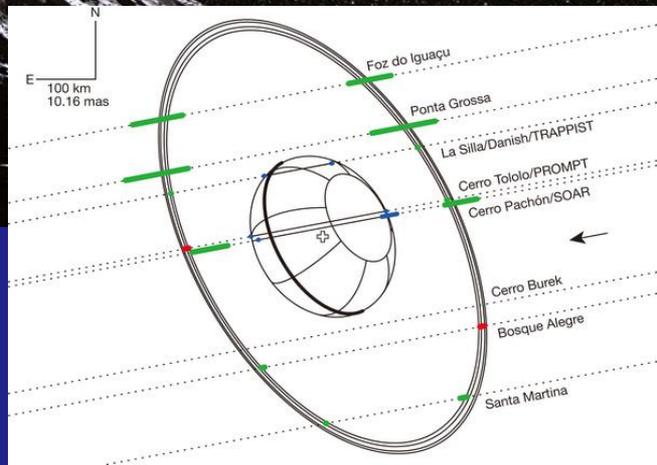
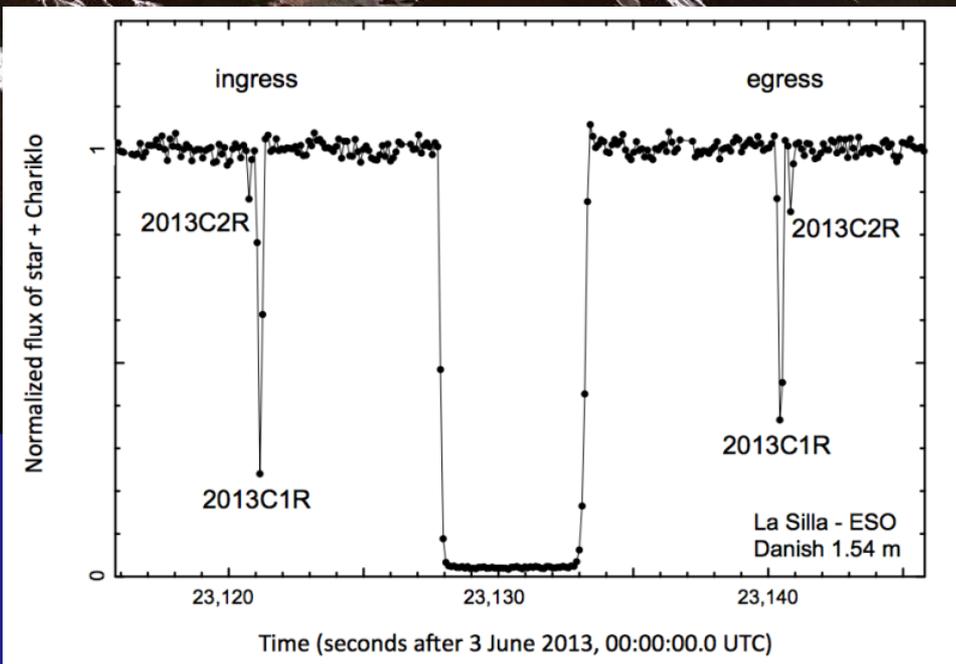
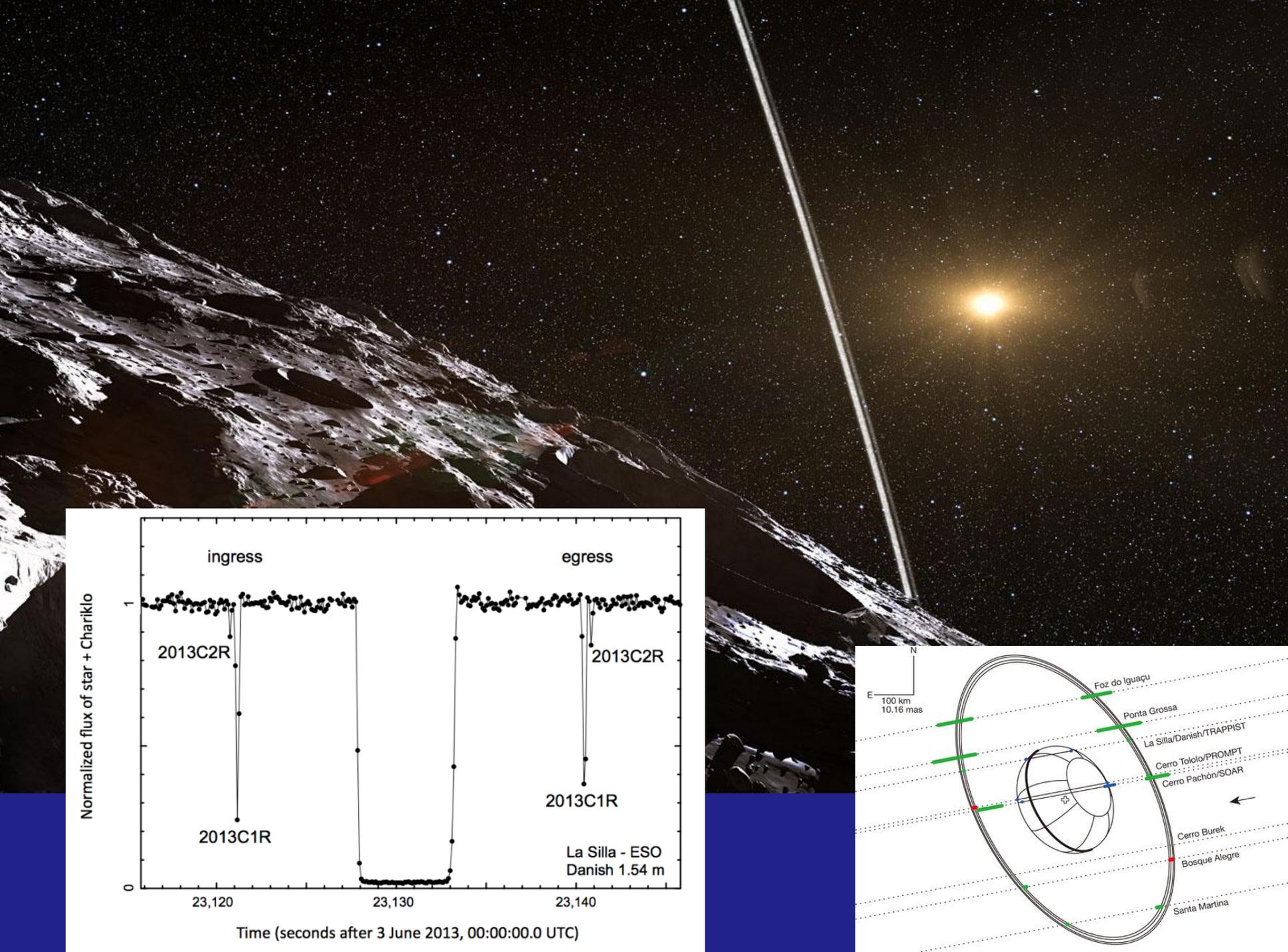


Pluto occ.1c - Aperture Photometry, Average Background

Due osservazioni di una recente occultazione prodotta da Plutone, che mostra le caratteristiche dell'atmosfera che produce una occultazione non istantanea.

Plutone Noscchese





Le prossime...

Occult Watcher, ver. 3.8.0.17 - Home (UTC +01:00)

Synchronise now Configuration Add-ins Help

Asteroid Name	Event Date, loc.time	P...	R..	Magn.	M...	Chor...	Last Updated	M...	Max...	Sta...
(323) Brucia	gio 08 dic, 22:44	15,8%	44	11,6	0,2	-49	19 nov, 01:51	31°	2,8	38° E
(1368) Numidia	ven 09 dic, 22:26	9,6%	20	10,6	4,8	43	19 nov, 01:52	43°	1,0	15° SW
(102) Miriam	mar 13 dic, 22:58	68,8%	100	11,6	-	37	13 nov, 23:55	59°	8,1	58° SE
(5852) Nanette	gio 15 dic, 19:58	22,6%	39	13,1	3,2	4	19 nov, 01:55	11°	1,7	35° E
(72) Feronia	gio 22 dic, 22:46	13,9%	90	11,9	0,2	86	19 nov, 01:59	-34°	7,5	61° S
(328) Gudrun	ven 23 dic, 20:18	60,2%	87	11,8	0,9	-10	19 nov, 02:00	-54°	10,3	57° NE
(102) Miriam	gio 29 dic, 01:58	76,4%	100	12,2	-	-34	30 nov, 18:47	-56°	10,2	42° W
(9023) Mnesthus	gio 29 dic, 22:09	14,2%	25	10,3	6,9	-7	19 nov, 02:04	-47°	3,8	24° SE
(146) Lucina **?	ven 30 dic, 01:14	0,0%	100	11,2	-	796	13 nov, 23:55	-64°	9,5	69° SW
(3797) Ching-Sung Yu	mar 03 gen, 00:07	4,2%	9	10,7	5,6	-47	19 nov, 02:06	-27°	0,8	68° S
(1282) Utopia	mar 03 gen, 18:41	14,5%	41	12,3	3,1	107	19 nov, 02:07	34°	2,5	50° SW
(2474) Ruby	gio 05 gen, 23:07	20,1%	36	12,1	3,7	12	19 nov, 02:07	17°	1,6	57° SE
(146) Lucina **?	ven 06 gen, 20:32	0,0%	100	11,5	-	-359	13 nov, 23:51	50°	10,0	51° E
(420) Bertholda	sab 14 gen, 19:43	96,4%	100	11,3	-	-30	13 nov, 23:53	0°	4,3	23° SW
(5434) Tomwhitney	dom 29 gen, 22:36	9,4%	17	9,3	-	36	30 nov, 18:48	-34°	2,0	39° SE

L [IOTA Updates]

you center shadow 1-sigma 2 & 3-sigma limits

(102) Miriam occults 2UCAC 37490713

Event time: 22:58:45 Combined magnitude: 11,6 m Constellation: Taurus

Error in time: 2 sec Star magnitude: 12,5 m

Position: In the shadow, 42 km from the central line

Max duration: 8,1 sec Magnitude drop: 0,7 m

Star altitude: 58° SE

Sun altitude: -64°

Moon altitude: 59° SE

Moon distance: 2°

There are currently 5 announced stations for this event.
1 of them is yours.

Show online map with stations View details on the web Save 'Google Earth' kml file View station sorts

Last updated on 08/12/2016 18:28:25

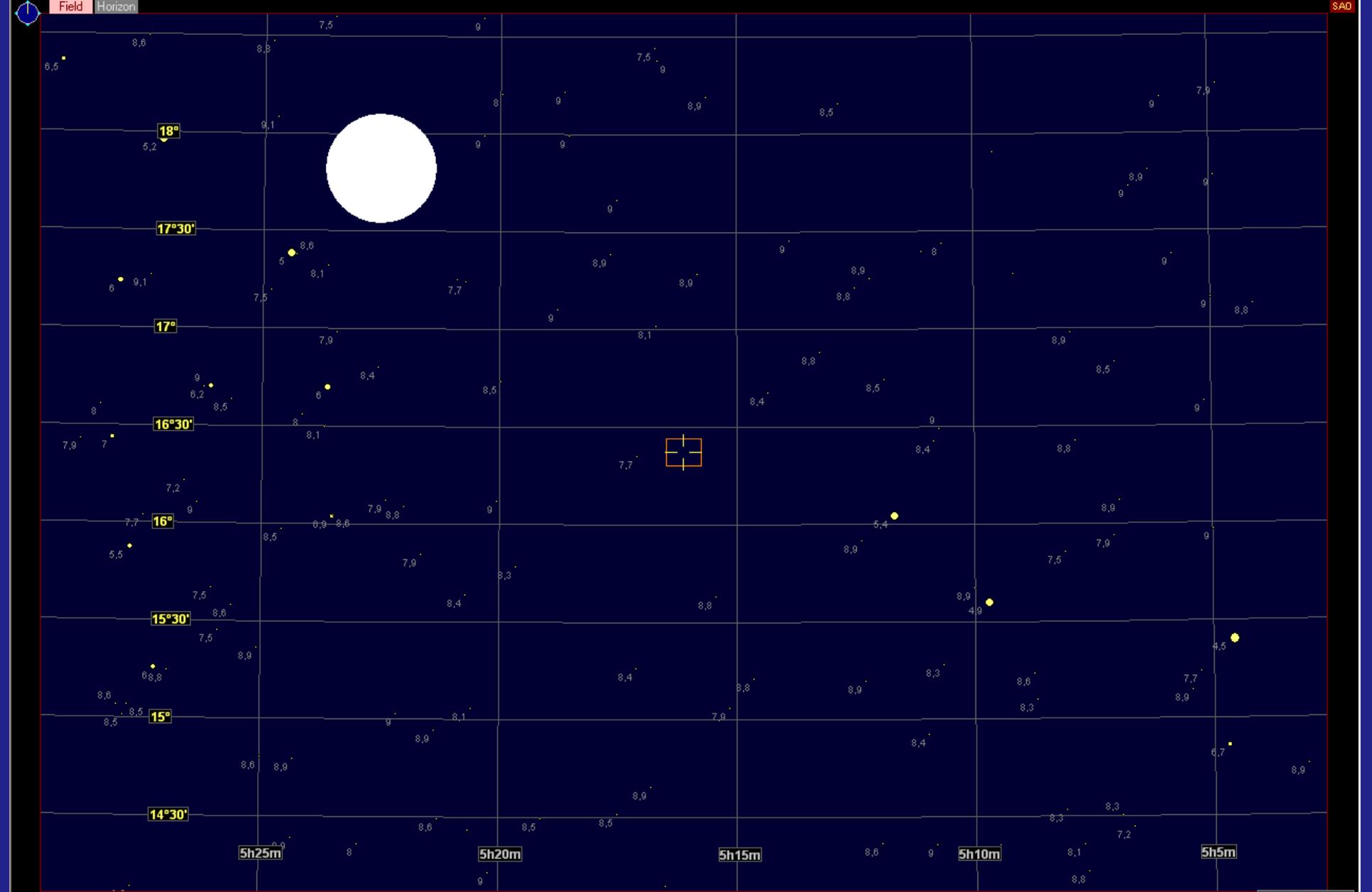
Traccia (102) Miriam 13 dic 2016



67 km

Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO
Image Landsat / Copernicus

Google Earth

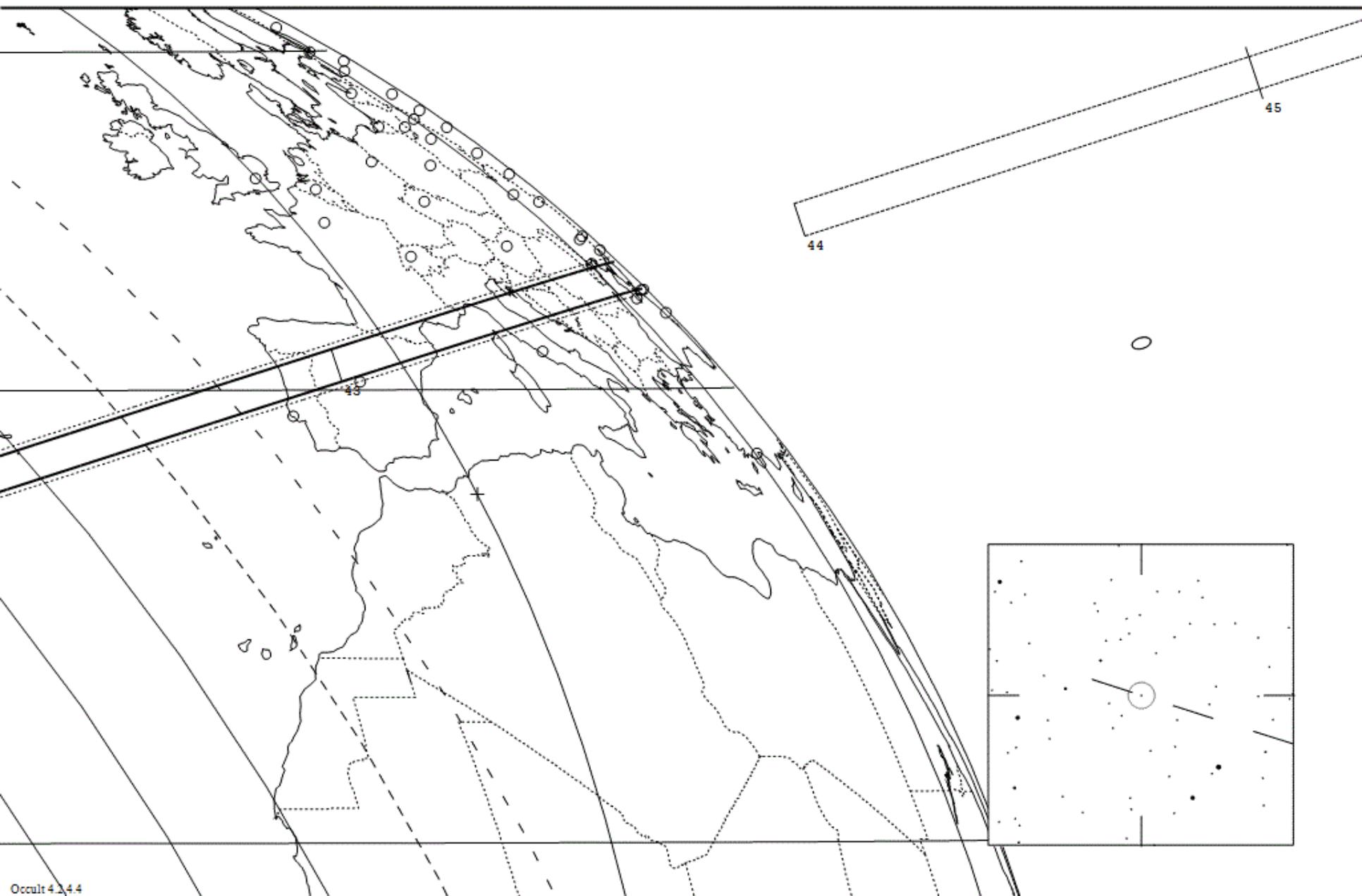


420 Bertholda occults TYC 0576-01087-1 on 2017 Jan 14 from 18h 38m to 18h 44m UT

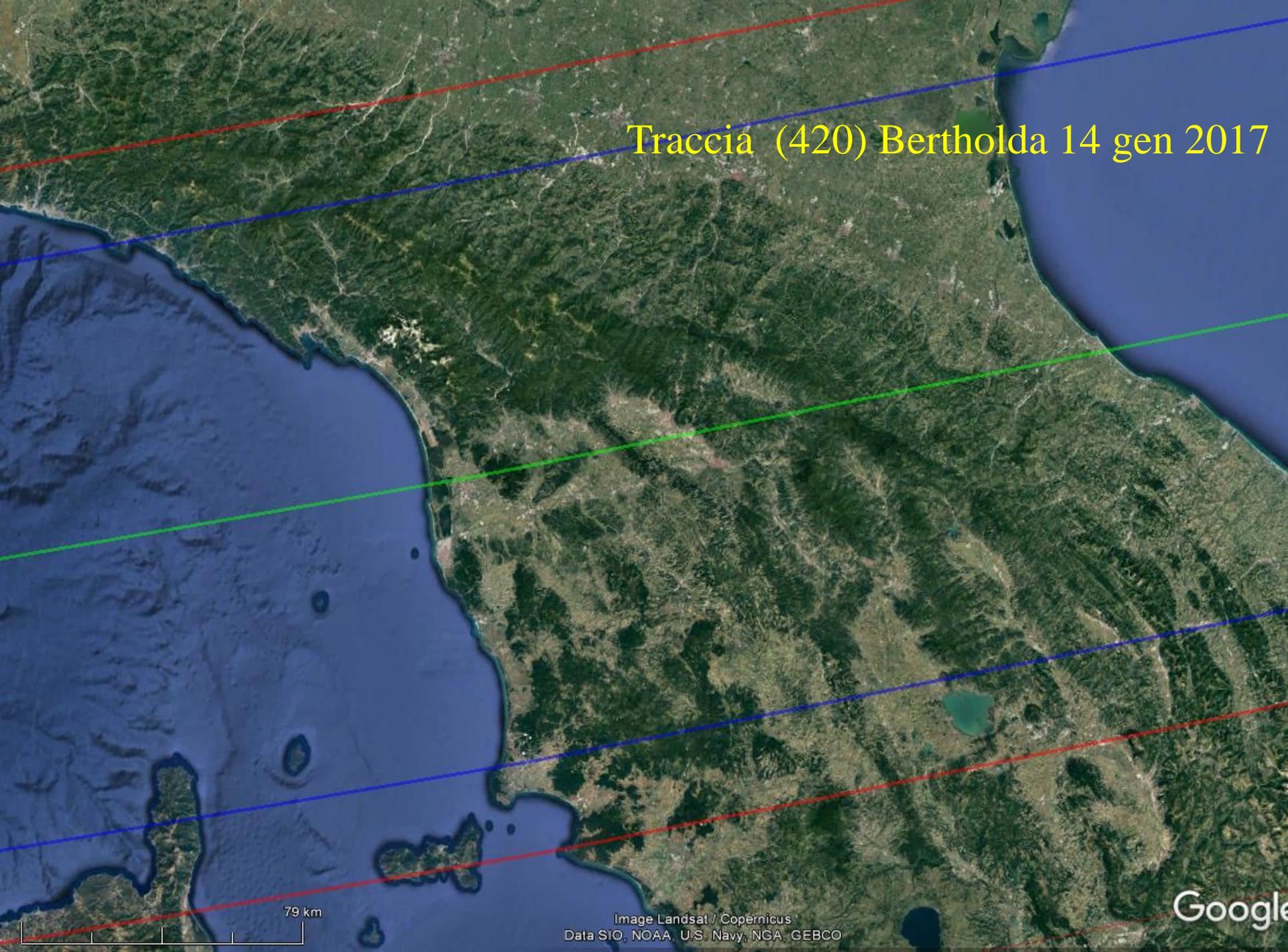
Star:
Mv = 11.3
RA = 23 9 46.4912 (J2000)
Dec = 0 10 41.505
[of Date: 23 10 38, 0 16 11]
Prediction of 2016 Nov 12.0

Max Duration = 4.3 secs
Mag Drop = 3.4
Sun : Dist = 54 deg
Moon : Dist = 156 deg
: illum = 93 %
E 0.014"x 0.008" in PA 73

Asteroid:
Mag = 14.7
Dia = 144km, 0.050"
Parallax = 2.230"
Hourly dRA = 2.647s
dDec = 13.02"



Traccia (420) Bertholda 14 gen 2017



79 km

Image Landsat / Copernicus
Data SIO, NOAA, U.S. Navy, NGA, GEBCO

Google

0 2015 AN281 occults 4U 549-50096 on 2017 Apr 13 from 20h 45m to 20h 55m UT

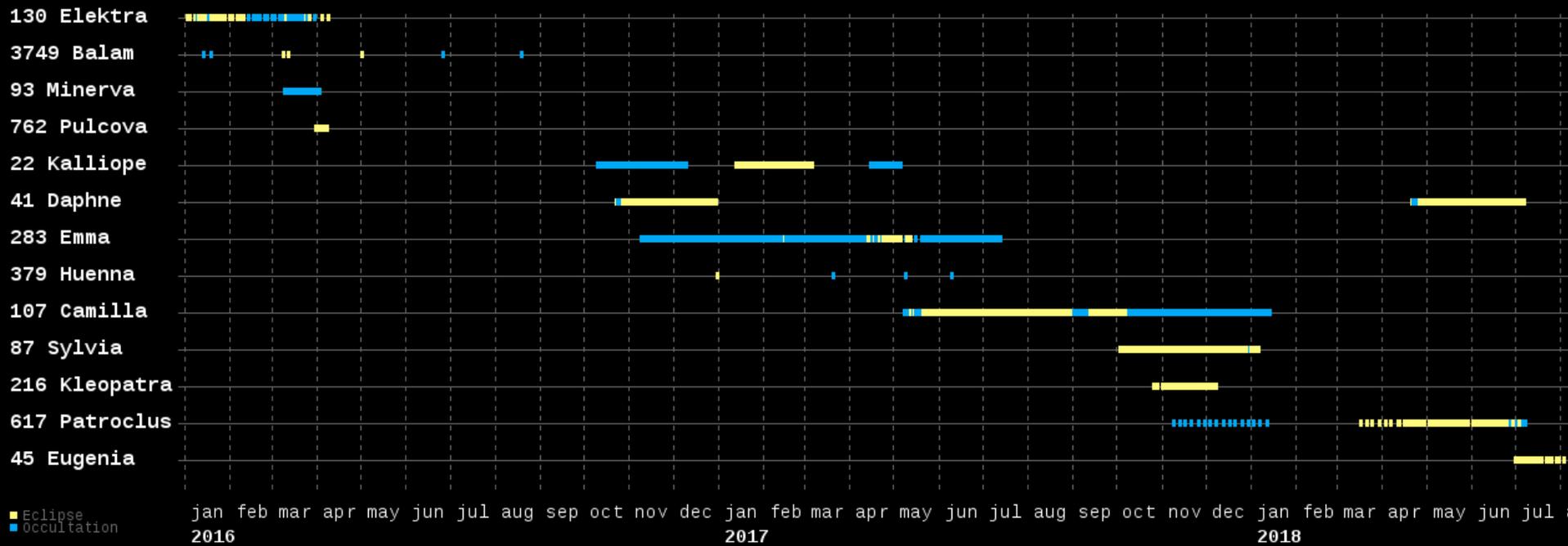
Star:
Mv = 13.2 Mp = 13.2 Mr = 13.2
RA = 11 40 41.4255 (J2000) **Gaia14**
Dec = 19 47 17.698 ...
[of Date: 11 41 36, 19 41 32]
Prediction of 2016 Nov 17.0

Max Duration = 13.7 secs
Mag Drop = 8.6 (8.2r)
Sun : Dist = 140 deg
Moon: Dist = 65 deg
: illum = 94 %
E 0.120"x 0.120" in PA 90

Asteroid:
Mag = 21.8
Dia = 282km, 0.009"
Parallax = 0.206"
Hourly dRA = -0.167s
dDec = 0.39"



Per palati astrofili sopraffini...



Mutual Events of Binary Asteroid (22) Kalliope in 2016 and 2017

Conditions for mutual events:

- Asteroidal system at annual equinox
- The orbital plane of Linus is close to the Sun's line of sight.

What can be observed:

- Eclipses and occultations by the two bodies itself



Mutual Events of Binary Asteroid (22) Kalliope in 2016 and 2017

Top 7 mutual events for Europe

(calculated by F. Vachier, IMCCE)

~10.5 mag

(sorted by mag drop)

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time (UT)</i>	<i>Dur</i>	<i>Event</i>	<i>Drop</i>
2016-12-10	05:15 - 05:57	00:42	S1 occ K	0.132
2017-01-15	04:15 - 05:41	01:26	S1 ecl K	0.121
2016-12-04	19:25 - 21:06	01:41	K occ S1	0.118
2017-01-16	23:10 - 00:56	01:45	K ecl S1	0.117
2016-12-03	00:17 - 02:09	01:51	S1 occ K	0.115
2017-01-18	18:14 - 20:14	02:00	S1 ecl K	0.113
2016-12-01	05:03 - 07:05	02:02	K occ S1	0.111

Opposition of (22) Kalliope: 2016 Dec 28